STATE SERVICE OF UKRAINE ON FOOD SAFETY AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

FEEDBACK ON IFC E-LEARNING COURSE ON NEW ZEALAND FS SYSTEM
Results of the survey

What areas covered in the course are of specific importance for Ukraine?

- food safety and quality
- food labeling and informing consumers about food quality
- risk analysis by assessing the significance of risks and the level of their danger at all stages of production and circulation of food
- creation of normative-legal base of food legislation and legislative base for horticultural industry

Could information shared in the e-course be used in Ukraine?

100% answered YES. What to pay attention to:
- regulatory model of quality control
- the structure of the organization of control over the raw materials industries by the Ministry of Raw Materials Industries of New Zealand
- application of New Zealand self-monitoring programs (Triplex O)

17 SSUFSCP respondents took part in the survey
Results of the survey

How fare Ukraine is in relation to implementation of best food safety approaches?

Respondents answered that Ukraine applies modern European developments in the field of food security, however, there are points that need attention to:

➢ The legislation. Ukraine, compared to New Zealand, is at the initial stage of implementing the best approaches, lagging behind the advanced countries by 50-60 years. Legal framework that forms the basis for the successful existence of agro-industrial industries began to be implemented in Ukraine only since 2015 after the signing of the Association Agreement between Ukraine and the EU, when in New Zealand since 1958.

➢ Respondents recommended using the favorable Geolocation. Unstable weather phenomena are destroying the world's economies, while Ukraine has not yet undergone negative weather changes. Ukraine could create a Food Bank, like in the US.
Benefits from harmonizing Ukraine's legislation with advanced EU requirements in regards of markets

The right to export their products to the territory of the European Union has 379 Ukrainian enterprises have:
- 162 enterprises-producers of products for human consumption
- 217 enterprises-producers of non-food products

Currently, Ukraine has the right to export products of Ukrainian enterprises to EU:
- Bee honey + queen bees, colonies and queens of bumblebees
- Sea fish (for human consumption)
- Poultry and poultry products- eggs and egg products
- Milk and dairy products
- Frog legs and snails
- Treated stomachs, bladders and intestines
- Collagen products of animal origin not for human consumption

Do you think food export have increased?

- 94% YES
- 6% NO

Do you think food export have increased?
Results of the survey

Has Ukraine gained from harmonizing its legislation with advanced EU requirements?

- **16 respondents** believe that Ukraine has benefited from harmonizing its legislation with EU requirements. Ukraine has a chance to apply the ECHR in the administration of justice, which gives them a chance to be among European countries. Also, citizens have the opportunity to apply directly to the European Court of Human Rights and Citizens for protection of their violated right in case of an unfair decision in Ukraine.

- **1 respondent** answered “No” without explanation.
Will you consider including an e-Learning course in the training program for your employees?

- **YES** 100%

Do you think it is possible to offer a course for students studying in higher education?

- **YES** 15 respondents
- **NO** 2 respondents
THANK YOU