## (STDF/PG/460) Implementation of the International Standard on Phytosanitary Measures, ISPM 15:

Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade): An empirical analysis of how the regulation affects the economy of a group of countries in Africa

#### Microecoomic results

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Nairobi, Kephis, July 2017







#### Outline

- Source of the microeconomic data;
- Descriptive statistics;
- Cost-benefit analysis;
- Conclusions.

## Typology of costs and benefits

Implementation a	t the export level	Implementation at the import level			
Costs	Benefits	Costs			
Fixed costs for the WPM	Revenues from the sale of	Legistaltive changes			
treating facilities	treated WPM	Hiring the inspectors and inpsections			
Inspections/audits costs for		Training the inspectors			
the WPM treating facilities		Aduninstrative costs			
Variable costs for the WPM		Pyrchase the necessary equipment			
treating facilities					
Validation checks					
Overall benefits for the	Being able to export				
country	Reduction in the invasion alien species				
	Agricultural yields not affected	by invasive alien species			

#### Survey tool

The WPM treating facilities questionnaire is constituted by 7 sections:

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Section 1: Questions regarding the wood treatment facility;
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Section 2: Wood treatment facility: general information;

Section 3: Wood treatment information;

Section 4: Wood treatment training;

Section 5: Costs related to the wood treatment;

Section 6: Revenues related to the wood treatment;

Section 7: General comments.

## The respondents

	Kenya			
1	Woodtex Kenya Ltd	Nairobi	Nairobi	
2	Prograssiyetd Name of the WPM treatment	ND:istoricit	<b>Citaj</b> robi	
3_	<b>nurebe្</b> រ wo <b>ɗaɗility</b> tmet Ltd	Nairobi	Nairobi	
4	Kakuzi Ltd Botswana	Murang'a South	Murang'a	
5	K4npack Ltd-Mac Import and Export	<b>NSakuth</b> uEast	<b>Chadkoiro</b> ine	
6	Kensalt	SDilstrkicat	Nakuru	
7_	Wiresmore Industries Ltd Cameroon	Moiben	Eldoret	
8	Fi <b>h</b> lays fipcam	Kænidhe	<b>Meai</b> aho	
9	Ja <b>2</b> mji Tea F <b>SiCtf</b> O0y	Koemiotheo West	<b>Nusimahe</b> n	
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11	P <b>4</b> lucon Se <b>€</b> Ø€es (K) Ltd	NSIcountillo avs/aEST	<b>Tvko</b> mbasa	
12	Merchant InsiplestiansLServices (K) Ltd	<b>Nziotro be</b> dsa	<b>Wowni</b> basa	
13	Merchant SeEfinical Services Ltd (MTS)	<b>Nziotro be</b> dsa	<b>Wowni</b> basa	
14	v <b>ट</b> ctorcon िं€sि QBAtrol & supplies limited	Nithabalsa	₩⁄%hhibasa	
15	s <b>e</b> s( k)itd <sup>PREMIUM</sup>	Mittoral	Wouri	
16	Inpestkill Hygiene Services	Nattoral	Waiyoi <sub>bi</sub>	
17	dmega Sa VHIIII	Nittarral	Mayngo	
18	Britind Industries PLACAGE	หลางเล	Mbalmayo	
	Mozambique			□la
1_	F <b>LB</b> nigation <b>\$GHtA</b> rnational	Sciftadara Province	Couralea Couralea	
2	ITFC	Zambezia	Gurue	
		Province		
3	Chazeira de Mozambique	Zambezia	Gurue	
		Province		
4	Maputo Province	Maputo	Matola	
		Province		_

#### Some numbers about the respondents

- Finding the list of the WPM treating facilities operating in the country has not been an easy task;
- 36 WPM treating facilities have been interviewed;
- WPM treating facilities from Cameroon:
  - 12 facilities did not allowed NPPO representatives to interview them;
  - 3 facilities were closed and the NPPO was not aware of it.

#### Quality of the data

- The data collection process has taken more time than expected;
- The quality of the data is overall good;
- Missing values when asking financial data;
- Retrospective answers were not always responded;
- Few clashes between the micro data and the qualitative information.

## Which requirement are needed by the NPPO

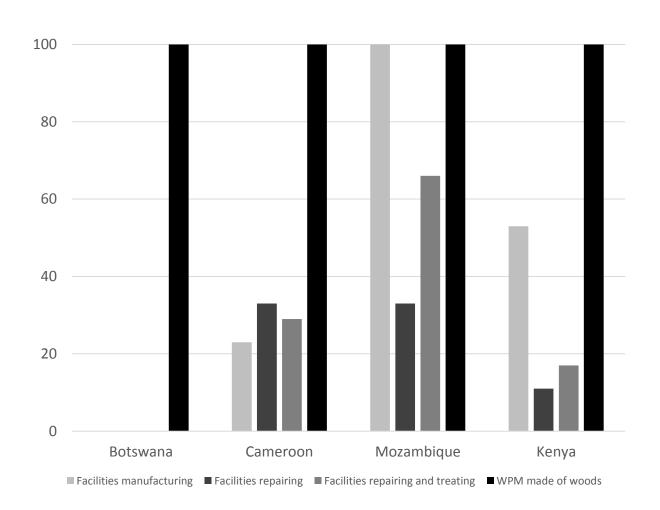
# of	Cameroon			# of	Kenya				
# of facilities	Requirem	Reg. Botsw	Req.	Req.	#faofiliti	Requirem	Req. Moza	Reg. ambique	Req.
facilities	ent Requireme	Req.	Req.	Req.	f <b>e</b> çilities	ent Requirem	Req.	Req.	Req.
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			S						
					1	Inspectio	Trade	Auditing	Operati
						n	license		onal
									manuals
					1	Trade	Heat	Auditing	
						license	treatme		
							nt plant		8

#### Size of the facilities

Size of the facilities varies across countries;     Cameroon							
Average	Share of WPM treating	Average	Average	Share of WPM treating	Average		
• numhere ha	as beelin which crease	irintheseim	loymentirat	e. facility which had an	increase in		
employees	increase in the number	the number	employees	increase in the number	the number		
working in the	of employees after ISPM	of	working in the	of employees after ISPM	of		
WPM treating	15 implementation (in	employees	WPM treating	15 implementation (in	employees		
facility	%)		facility	%)			
2	0	0	7	20	2		
	O	_					
3							
(3)	Mozambique			Kenya			
Average		Average	Average	<b>Kenya</b> Share of WPM treating	Average		
Average number of	Mozambique		Average number of	<u> </u>	Average increase in		
•	Mozambique Share of WPM treating	Average		Share of WPM treating	•		
number of	Mozambique  Share of WPM treating facility which had an	Average increase in	number of	Share of WPM treating facility which had an	increase in		
number of employees	Mozambique  Share of WPM treating facility which had an increase in the number	Average increase in the number	number of employees	Share of WPM treating facility which had an increase in the number	increase in the number		
number of employees working in the	Mozambique  Share of WPM treating facility which had an increase in the number of employees after ISPM	Average increase in the number of	number of employees working in the	Share of WPM treating facility which had an increase in the number of employees after ISPM	increase in the number of		

#### What are the WPM treating facilities specialized in?

- Do the WPM treating facilities manufacture the WPM?
- Do they repair the WPM? And do they treat them?
- What type of WPM do they deal with?



### Number, destination and type of goods

	Botswana			Cameroon	
Average	Internal or	Use of the	Average	Internal or	Use of the
number of	international	treated WPM	number of	international	treated WPM
WPM being	customers		WPM being	customers	
treated per			treated per		
month			month		
	External				Agricultural
333	United	Meat products	709	n/a	Manufactured
	Kingdom				Wood
	Mozambique			Kenya	
Average	Internal or	Use of the	Average	Internal or	Use of the
number of	international	treated WPM	number of	international	treated WPM
WPM being	customers		WPM being	customers	
treated per			treated per		
month			month		
		Agricultural		Internal	
	Internal	Manufactured		Ethiopia	Agricultural
251	India	Tea	1011	South Africa	Manufactured
	South Africa	Drinks		Tanzania	Wood
				Uganda	

## HT, MB and few more...

	Botswana	3		Cameroor	า
Treatment	Reason for	Share of facilities	Treatment	Reason for	Share of facilities
used	choosing	thinking of	used	choosing	thinking of
	that	adopting a new		that	adopting a new
	treatment	treatment (in %)		treatment	treatment (in %)
	1. Less			1. Less	
	expensive		HT (54%)	expensive	
	2 Fasier to		MR (54%)	2. Easier to	
MB (100%)	<sub>im</sub> Mozambiq	ue <sup>0</sup>	Vaporization	imple henva	15
Treatment	Reason for	Share of facilities	Treatment	Reason for	Share of facilities
used	effective	thinking of	used	choosing	thinking of
	that	adopting a new		that	adopting a new
	treatment	treatment (in %)		treatment	treatment (in %)
	1. Less			1. Less	
	expensive		HT (84%)	expensive	
LIT (1000/)	2. Easier to	0	MB (21%)	2. Easier to	18
HT (100%)	implement	U	CCA (5%)	implement	10
	3. More		$\setminus$ $\cup$	3. More	
	effective			effective	

#### Frequency of the audits

- Audits do happen regularly on paper;
- 100 % of the facilities receive NPPO inspection every year; some of the time, the NPPO organizes two inspections per year;
- Most of the time the facility does not know the time of the audit;
- The content of the audit does not always match the ISPM 15 requirements;
- Is it all true?

#### Main social and environmental impacts

- Business expansion;
- Awareness;
- Job creation, but
- High cost for entering into the market;
- Protection of plants;
- Better pest management, but
- Increase in deforestation,
- Increase in pollution,
- Less recycling,
- Ozone depletion.

#### Overall positive and negative impact of the ISPM 15

#### **Botswana**

Increase in employment (p)
Increase in competition (n)
WPMs may be substituted with plastic ones
(n)

#### Mozambique

Employment generation (p)

Skill development (p)

Major credibility of the country (p)

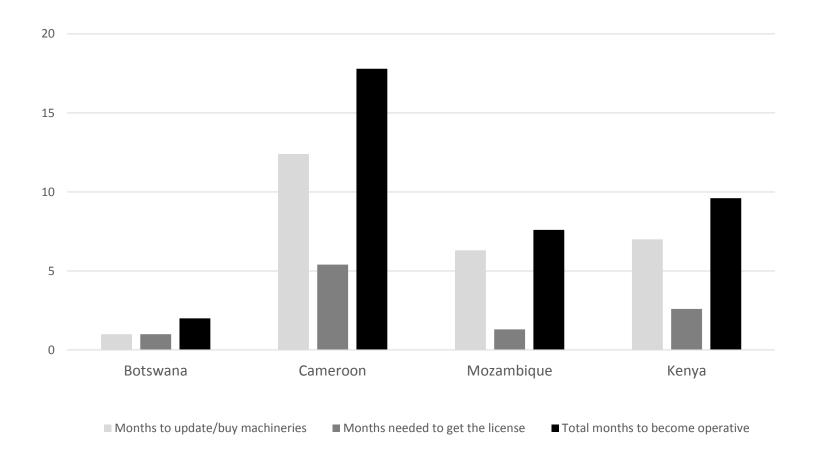
#### Cameroon

Increase in employment (p)
Increase access to foreign markets (p)
Protection of the environment (p)
Good international image of the country (p)
Use of toxic gas (n)
Initial high investments (n)

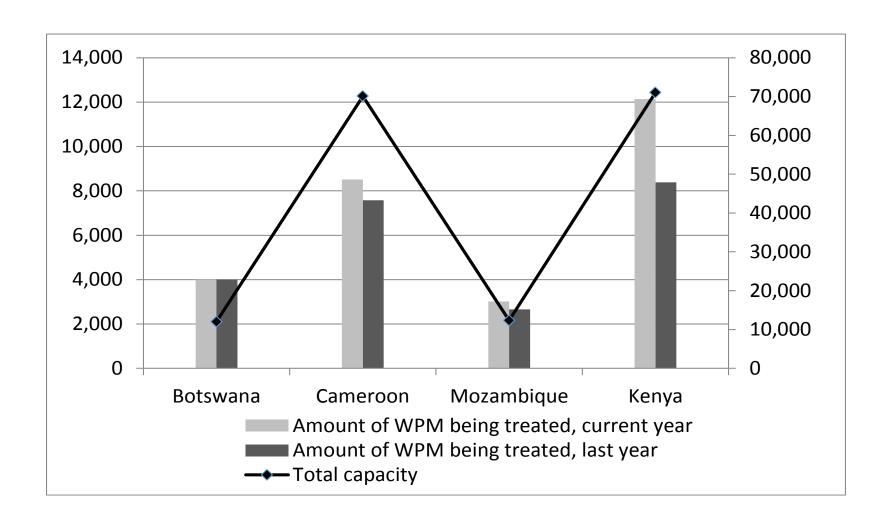
#### Kenya

Increase in employment (p)
Increase access to foreign markets (p)
Export growth (p)
Control of pest spread (p)
High initial investments (n)
Low profitability (n)

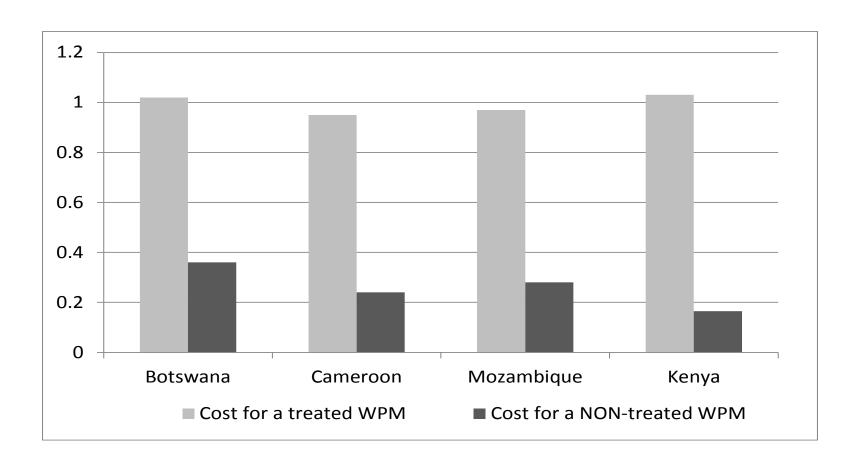
# How long does it take for the facility to become operative?



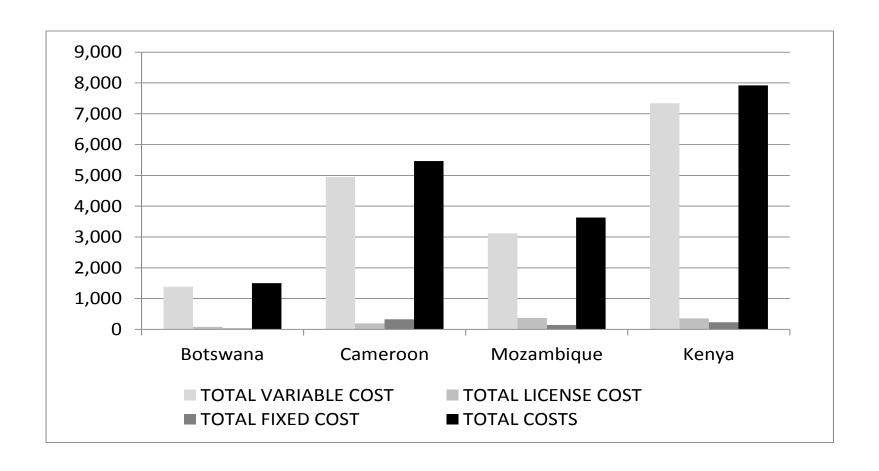
#### Actual production and theoretical capacity



#### Cost for a treated WPM



#### Variable, fixed, license and total cost



### Is the WPM treating business worth it?

	Botswana			Cameroon	
Total cost	# of WPM treated	# of WPM treated for to break even	Total cost	# of WPM treated	# of WPM treated for to break even
1,500	4,000	1,470	5,466	8,513	5,754
	Mozambique	20000000000000000000000000000000000000		Kenya	
Total cost	# of WPM treated	# of WPM treated for to break even	Total cost	# of WPM treated	# of WPM treated for to break even
3,634	3,018	3,746	7,922	12,133	7,687

#### **Conclusions**

- Clarity about the requirements needed:
  - High variation of the documents provided;
  - Are the audit happening?
  - What is the content of the audits;
- The process for becoming a WPM treating facilities is a lengthy one;
- Is the ISPM 15 economical from the WPM facilities point of view?