



Entry requirements for WPM based on

ISPM 15

Outlined in directive:

D-98-08 Entry requirements for WPM into Canada



Entry requirements for WPM:

- 1) Made of debarked wood
- Treated with an approved method (HT, DH, SF or MB)
- 3) Marked as per ISPM 15



WPM is recognized as a high risk pathway:

- Brown spruce longhorn beetle, Tetropium fuscum
- Asian longhorned beetle, Anaplophora glabripennis (eradicated)
- Emerald ash borer, Agrilus planipennis



Consequences:

- Urban and natural trees die
- Impact on trade
- Management costs go up



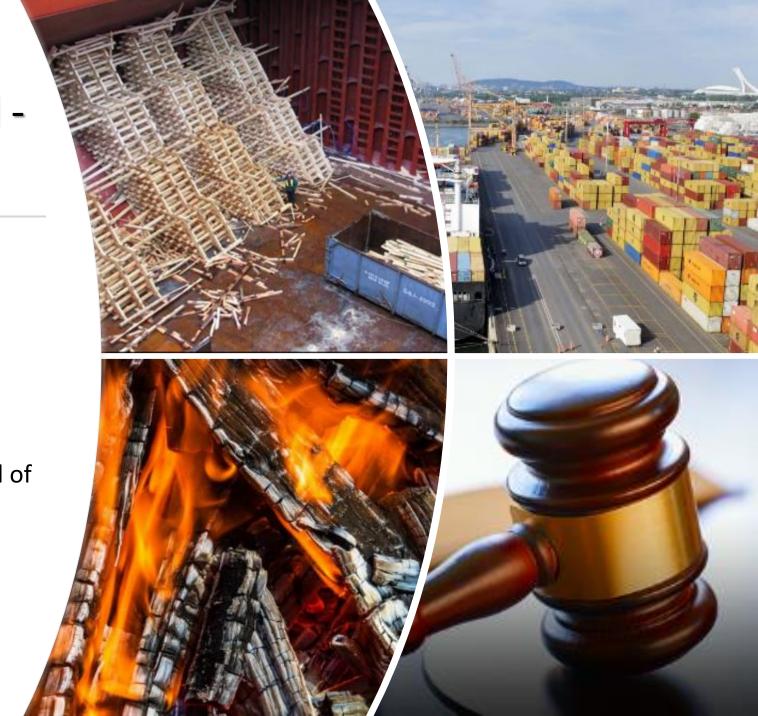
What we do:

- Inspect imported shipments
- Refuse entry / order treatment / order disposal
- Enforcement



Special program for shipborne dunnage

- Audit-based program
- Certified terminals only
- All discharged dunnage is safely disposed of
- Terminals must notify the CFIA when detecting non-compliant dunnage
- Enhanced enforcement





The Canadian Heat-Treated Wood Products Certification Program (HT program)

- A phytosanitary certification program administered by the CFIA
- Establishes the requirements for facilities registered under the program to produce and/or handle wood that has been heat treated to a minimum core temperature of 56° C for a minimum of 30 minutes
- Applies to the production of wood packaging material in accordance with the provision of ISPM 15
- Is an audit-based systems approach program in line with International Standards (ISPM 39, 45, and 47)





Alternative Service Delivery (ASD)

ASD: when outside parties carry out programs and services, that fall under the responsibility of the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA). The CFIA authorizes these third parties under formal legal instruments, which clearly define the terms and conditions

The CFIA has established binding legal agreements with 3 ASD organizations:

- Roles and responsibilities
- Technical requirements







Why Move to Alternative Service Delivery (ASD)?

- Alleviate resource pressures
- Increase efficiency by reducing duplication of service
- ASD organizations may be quicker to respond to new technology
- Promote application of harmonized standards
- Maximize flexibility & ability to adjust to shifts and/or increases in required services
- Quicker to respond to non conformances



System overview

Supporting the system

Technical Committees –
science, regulators, third
parties, industry

- Audit of facilities in line with the NPPO's standards and agreements
- Feedback for continuous improvement

Legal framework
 Technical standards and policies
 Accreditation
 Oversight of the system

ASD organizations

- Develop and implement procedures and practices to produce compliant wood packaging material
- Correct failure

Industryfacilities

Responsibilities of Registered Facilities

- Quality management system
 - Program requirements
 - Treatment requirements (kilns)
- Maintain staff training
- Address non-conformances



Control points of the systems approach at the facility











Production requirements



Corrective actions

Responsibilities of ASD Organizations

- Review facility manuals and conduct an evaluation audit
- Recommend registration to the NPPO
- Contract with the facilities
- Conduct routine audits
- Maintain lists of approved facilities on their websites
- Maintain auditors training
- Address non-conformances

Over 600 facilities for Wood packaging material and dunnage

Responsibilities of the CFIA

- Approves facilities and assigns registration numbers
- Conducts audits of the ASD organizations/facilities
- Addresses non-conformances by ASD organizations or facilities
- Addresses non compliances from other countries
- Training
- Updates standards and guidance
- Manages supporting technical committees

References

D-98-08: Entry Requirements For Wood Packaging Material Into Canada

D-13-01: <u>D-13-01: Canadian Heat-Treated Wood Products Certification Program (HT program)</u>

D-13-02: Requirements for the Evaluation and Recognition of Third Party Auditors

PI-07: Technical heat treatment guidelines and operating conditions manual

More information on the HT program can be found at:

Canadian Heat Treated Wood Products Certification Program (HT program)

ASD organizations

Canadian Wood Pallet and Container Association (CWPCA): https://www.canadianpallets.com/

The Canadian Wood Pallet & Container Association (CWPCA) is dedicated to oversee and promote compliance with International Standard of Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM 15) and CFIA regulations as they pertains to the import and export of wood packaging material.

The Canadian Lumber Standards Bureau (CLSAB): https://www.clsab.ca/

The Canadian Lumber Standards Accreditation Board (CLSAB) is a not-for profit corporation that monitors the quality of Canada's lumber grading and identification system.

Quebec Wood Export Bureau (QWEB): https://quebecwoodexport.com/en/

The Quebec Wood Export Bureau (QWEB) is a non-profit organization (NPO) that promotes the export of compliant wood products including lumber and manufactured products.



Safe Trade Does Not Just Happen

Industry, Scientists, and NPPO's need to work together to make it happen.