

TRACES

the path toward
sanitary electronic certificates
using qualified electronic seals and
signatures

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TRACES



It aims to ensure:

risk management.



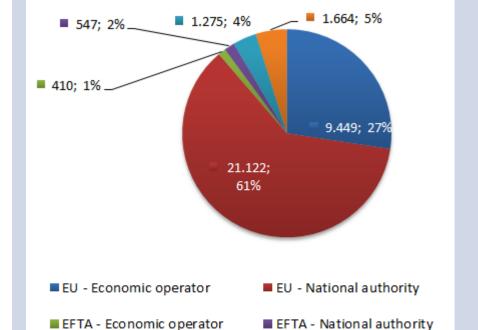
e- government system

- Certification and customs single window
- Notification and control planning
 - Entry points, at destination, during transit
- Follow up of the decisions taken
 - Feedback of information
 - Help to the decision (reinforced checks)
- Crisis management
 - Trace back and forth the movements of the consignments



Participation in 2015

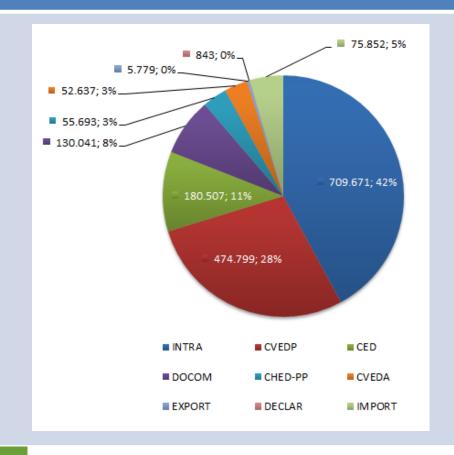
Users: 34.467



■ Non-EU - National authority

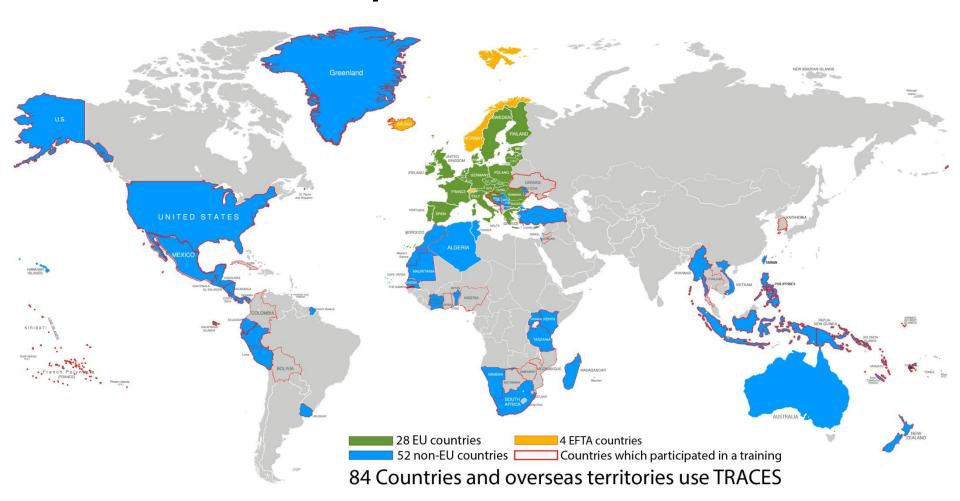
■ Non-EU - Economic operator

Certificates: 1.685.822





Participation in 2015





Participation in 2015

- Compulsory (since 01/01/2005)
 - EU and EFTA
- Voluntary basis
 - non EU-EFTA countries
 - Through the interface
 - 52 countries or P-TOM (38 in development)
 - Electronic exchanges between systems
 - New Zealand (2010)
 - USA (2012)
 - Australia (2016)





eIDAS: the new framework

- Regulation (EEU) N° 910/2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/CE (entry into force: 01/07/2016)
 - Defines the norms for the electronic identification means of natural and legal persons
 - Lays down the rules for trust services
 - Defines the services for simple, advanced, qualified electronic signatures, seals, time stamps ...





eIDAS: the new framework

- uniformisation of electronic signature approach within EU
- **simplification** of the electronic certificates use
- **Recognition** of the legal value of a digital document
- « An electronic document is considered as a proof as well as a handwritten document provided that the person who did it can be identified and that it was issued and stored under conditions that garantee its integrity ».
- Means of identity control of the signing person through points of surveillance

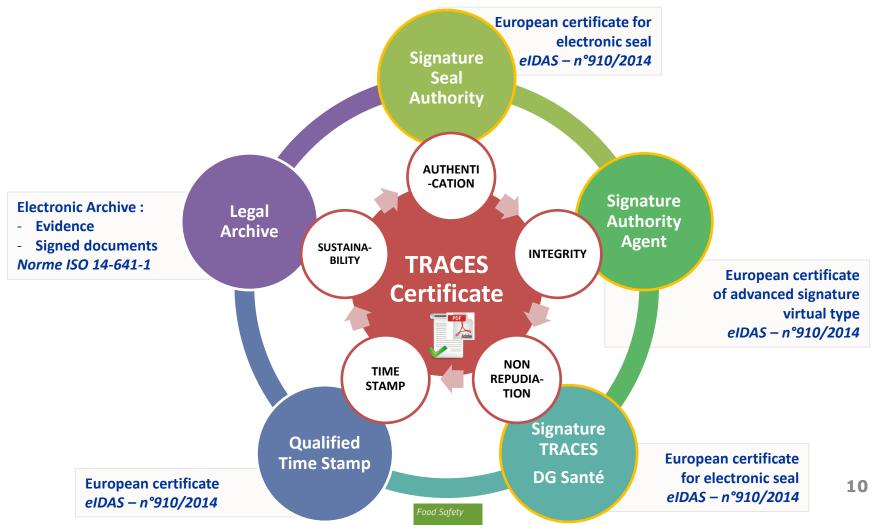


eIDAS: the 4 levels of signature

	Level 1 SIMPLE SIGNATURE	Level 2 ADVANCED SIGNATURE	Level 3 ADVANCED + SIGNATURE	Level 4 QUALIFIED SIGNATURE
ETSI NORM	Without registration ETSI 102 023	ETSI 102 042	ETSI 101 456	ETSI 101 456 + SSCD
IDENTITY	No certificate or certificate on the fly	Simple european certificate Virtual smart card (authentication code) On-line identity control	Qualified european certificate Virtual smart card (authentication code) Face to face identity control	Qualified european certificate Physical means (USB key, SSCD smartcard) Face to face identity control
INTEGRITY	Qualified timestamp	Qualified timestamp	Qualified timestamp	Qualified timestamp
TRACABILITY	Electronic evidence Login + password	Electronic evidence Login + password + identity control	Electronic evidence Login + password + identity control	Electronic evidence Login + password + identity control
LEGAL VALUE	≤ 25%	≤ 50 %	≤ 75%	100%

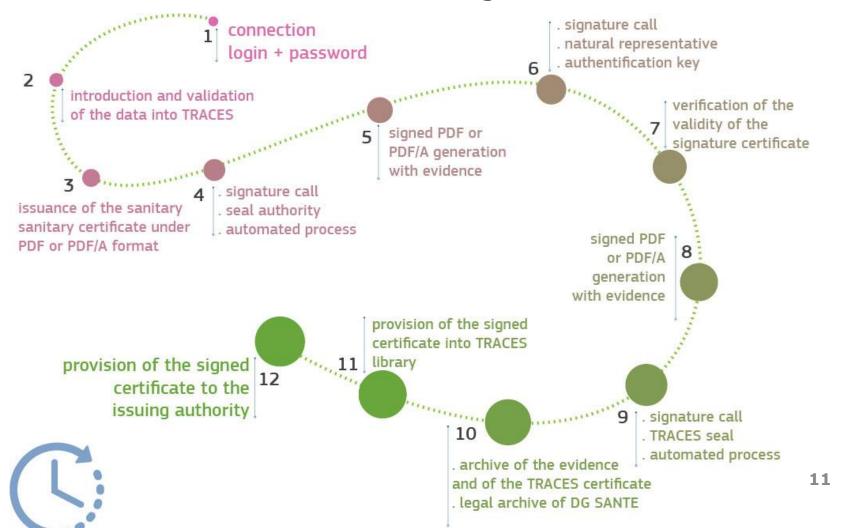


Sanitary certificate and key elements of legal evidence



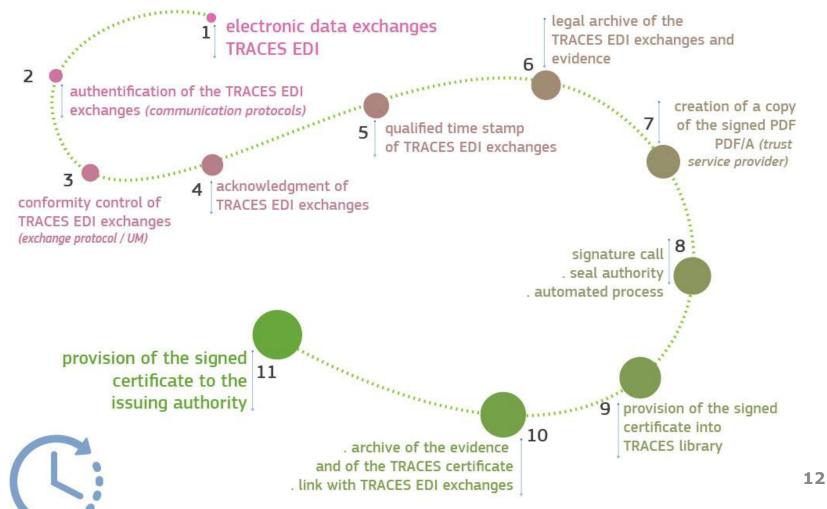


E-certification through TRACES





E-certification workflow between a system and TRACES







Digitisation and issues

Optimize the management of the sanitary certificate

- Simplification of the exchanges
- Reliable information at every step
- Reduction of the copies
- Reduce the delays of control
 - Pre-notification, Remplacement
- Simplify and modernise the relations between all the actors
- Guarantee security, traceability and legal value of the digital documents
 - Archive of sanitary certificates
- Fight against fraud
 - Electronic support more accurate than paper support



Implementation of the TRACES certificate: calendar

- **Integration** of electronic signature into TRACES: end 2016
- Recognition of the trust service provider: beginning 2017
- **Phytosanitary** IMPORT/EXPORT Certificate: beginning 2017







Annual report



WEB site - http://ec.europa.eu/traces



Video (FR, EN, DE, ES, PT, RU)



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